

**WASTE STREAM****2A06****Redundant Activated Control Rods LLW****SITE**

Calder Hall

**SITE OWNER**

Nuclear Decommissioning Authority

**WASTE CUSTODIAN**

Sellafield Limited

**WASTE TYPE**

LLW

Is the waste subject to  
Scottish Policy:

No

**WASTE VOLUMES**

Reported

Stocks:

At 1.4.2022.....

7.6 m<sup>3</sup>

Total future arisings:

0 m<sup>3</sup>

Total waste volume:

7.6 m<sup>3</sup>

Comment on volumes:

Waste stream 2A06 comprises redundant activated control rods and flux scanner guide tubes removed from the reactors in the 1960's and stored in a purpose built facility. This LLW will arise as the rods are removed from the facility and cut to separate the LLW from the ILW (waste stream 2A01).

Uncertainty factors on  
volumes:

Stock (upper): x 1.2

Arisings (upper) x

Stock (lower): x 0.8

Arisings (lower) x

**WASTE SOURCE**

The waste has arisen from the operation of Calder reactors and activation of the materials due to neutron exposure.

**PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

General description:

The waste arises as boron steel tubes encased in a stainless steel outer tube, sealed at both ends, from the operation of Calder reactors. Control rods are long and therefore difficult to package without size reduction. It is envisaged that each rod will be size reduced to segregate the ILW from the LLW. Some of the rods have been sheathed in concrete as part of their installation in the storage facility.

Physical components (%wt):

Boron steel (~62 wt%), stainless steel (&lt;5 wt%), concrete (33 wt%).

Sealed sources:

The waste does not contain sealed sources.

Bulk density (t/m<sup>3</sup>):

0.96

Comment on density:

Bulk density value taken from waste stream characterisation document for LLW in the Control Rod storage facility.

**CHEMICAL COMPOSITION**General description and  
components (%wt):

Boron steel (~62 wt%), stainless steel (&lt;5 wt%), concrete (33%).

Chemical state:

Neutral

Chemical form of  
radionuclides:

H-3: Nil  
C-14: Nil  
Cl-36: Nil  
Se-79: Nil.  
Tc-99: Nil.  
I-129: Nil  
Ra: Nil.  
Th: Nil  
U: Nil.  
Np: Nil.  
Pu: Nil.

Metals and alloys (%wt):

The waste comprises boron steel tubes encased in a stainless steel outer tube, sealed at both ends.

**WASTE STREAM**

**2A06**

**Redundant Activated Control Rods LLW**

	(%wt)	Type(s) / Grade(s) with proportions	% of total C14 activity
Stainless steel.....	<5.0	18:8 austenitic grade.	
Other ferrous metals.....	~62.0		
Iron.....			
Aluminium.....			
Beryllium.....	0		
Cobalt.....	0		
Copper.....			
Lead.....	0		
Magnox/Magnesium.....	0		
Nickel.....			
Titanium.....			
Uranium.....	0		
Zinc.....	0		
Zircaloy/Zirconium.....	0		
Other metals.....	0		

Organics (%wt):                      There are no organic materials in the waste.

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Total cellulose.....	0		
Paper, cotton.....	0		
Wood.....	0		
Halogenated plastics .....	0		
Total non-halogenated plastics.....	0		
Condensation polymers.....	0		
Others.....	0		
Organic ion exchange materials....	0		
Total rubber.....	0		
Halogenated rubber .....	0		
Non-halogenated rubber.....	0		
Hydrocarbons.....			
Oil or grease .....			
Fuel.....			
Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar)...			
Asphalt/Tarmac (no coal tar)....			
Bitumen.....			
Others.....			
Other organics.....	0		

Other materials (%wt):                      -

**WASTE STREAM**

**2A06**

**Redundant Activated Control Rods LLW**

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Inorganic ion exchange materials..	0		
Inorganic sludges and flocs.....	0		
Soil.....	0		
Brick/Stone/Rubble.....	0		
Cementitious material.....	33.0	As concrete sheathes around the outside of some of the control rods.	
Sand.....	0	No sand, other than that present in the concrete.	
Glass/Ceramics.....	0		
Graphite.....	0		
Desiccants/Catalysts.....			
Asbestos.....	0		
Non/low friable.....			
Moderately friable.....			
Highly friable.....			
Free aqueous liquids.....	0		
Free non-aqueous liquids.....	0		
Powder/Ash.....	0		

Inorganic anions (%wt):      No inorganic anions are present.

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Fluoride.....	0	
Chloride.....	0	
Iodide.....	0	
Cyanide.....	0	
Carbonate.....	0	
Nitrate.....	0	
Nitrite.....	0	
Phosphate.....	0	
Sulphate.....	0	
Sulphide.....	0	

Materials of interest for waste acceptance criteria:      -

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Combustible metals.....	0	
Low flash point liquids.....	0	
Explosive materials.....	0	
Phosphorus.....	0	
Hydrides.....	0	
Biological etc. materials.....	0	
Biodegradable materials.....	0	

**WASTE STREAM**

**2A06**

**Redundant Activated Control Rods LLW**

Putrescible wastes.....	0
Non-putrescible wastes.....	
Corrosive materials.....	0
Pyrophoric materials.....	0
Generating toxic gases.....	0
Reacting with water.....	0
Higher activity particles.....	
Soluble solids as bulk chemical compounds.....	

Hazardous substances /  
non hazardous pollutants: -

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Acrylamide.....		
Benzene.....		
Chlorinated solvents.....		
Formaldehyde.....		
Organometallics.....		
Phenol.....		
Styrene.....		
Tri-butyl phosphate.....		
Other organophosphates.....		
Vinyl chloride.....		
Arsenic.....		
Barium.....		
Boron.....	<4.0	
Boron (in Boral).....		
Boron (non-Boral).....	<4.0	
Cadmium.....		
Caesium.....		
Selenium.....		
Chromium.....		
Molybdenum.....		
Thallium.....		
Tin.....		
Vanadium.....		
Mercury compounds.....		
Others.....		
Electronic Electrical Equipment (EEE)		
EEE Type 1.....		
EEE Type 2.....		
EEE Type 3.....		
EEE Type 4.....		
EEE Type 5.....		

**WASTE STREAM**

**2A06**

**Redundant Activated Control Rods LLW**

Complexing agents (%wt): No

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
EDTA.....		
DPTA.....		
NTA.....		
Polycarboxylic acids.....		
Other organic complexants.....		
Total complexing agents.....	0	

Potential for the waste to contain discrete items: Yes. This is dependent on the segregation step from the ILW component of the control rods which has not been identified at this date.

**TREATMENT, PACKAGING AND DISPOSAL**

Planned on-site / off-site treatment(s):

Treatment	On-site / Off site	Stream volume %
Low force compaction Supercompaction (HFC) Incineration Solidification Decontamination Metal treatment Size reduction Decay storage Recycling / reuse Other / various None		100.0

Comment on planned treatments:

It has been assumed for the 2022 UK RWI that no further treatment will be carried out prior to disposal and that all the LLW will be non-compactable waste to be consigned to LLWR for disposal.

**Disposal Routes:**

Disposal Route	Stream volume %	Disposal density t/m3
Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility Expected to be consigned to an On-Site Disposal Facility Expected to be consigned to an Incineration Facility Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment Facility Expected to be consigned as Out of Scope Expected to be recycled / reused Disposal route not known	100.0	

Classification codes for waste expected to be consigned to a landfill facility: -

**Upcoming (2022/23-2024/25) Waste Routing (if expected to change from above):**

Disposal Route	Stream volume %		
	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility Expected to be consigned to an On-Site Disposal Facility Expected to be consigned to an Incineration Facility Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment Facility Expected to be consigned as Out of Scope Expected to be recycled / reused Disposal route not known			

**WASTE STREAM****2A06****Redundant Activated Control Rods LLW****Opportunities for alternative disposal routing:** No

Baseline Management Route	Opportunity Management Route	Stream volume (%)	Estimated Date that Opportunity will be realised	Opportunity Confidence	Comment
-	-	-	-	-	-

**Waste Packaging for Disposal:**

Container	Stream volume %	Waste loading m <sup>3</sup>	Number of packages
1/3 Height IP-1 ISO 2/3 Height IP-2 ISO 1/2 Height WAMAC IP-2 ISO 1/2 Height IP-2 Disposal/Re-usable ISO 2m box (no shielding) 4m box (no shielding) Other	100.0	10	< 1

Other information: Data have been presented as though the waste will be in dedicated containers. However it is likely that this waste will be placed in containers with other LLW.

**Waste Planned for Disposal at the LLW Repository:**

Container voidage: Inaccessible voidage is not expected. The amount of voidage is dependent on the alternative materials packaged with this waste stream.

Waste Characterisation Form (WCH): It is not yet determined if the waste meets LLWR's Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC).

Waste consigned for disposal to LLWR in year of generation: No. The waste was generated during the 1960s and has been in storage ever since. It is anticipated to be consigned in 2027 - 2029.

**Non-Containerised Waste for In-Vault Grouting:** (Not applicable to this waste stream)

Stream volume (%): -

Waste stream variation: -

Bounding cuboidal volume:

Inaccessible voidage: -

Other information: -

**RADIOACTIVITY**

Source: Cobalt-60 is the main source of activity in the waste arising from activation.

Uncertainty: The average specific activity has been calculated using the estimated volume of LLW in the stored waste (7.58 m<sup>3</sup>).

Definition of total alpha and total beta/gamma: Where totals are shown on the table of radionuclide activities they are the sums of the listed alpha or beta/gamma emitting radionuclides plus 'other alpha' or 'other beta/gamma'.

Measurement of radioactivities: Activities have been estimated using available information on the process by which the control rods and guide tubes were activated. Following 45 years of decay, no radionuclides are expected other than Co-60 and a trace of Ni-63.

Other information: -

**WASTE STREAM**

**2A06**

**Redundant Activated Control Rods LLW**

Nuclide	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m <sup>3</sup>				Nuclide	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m <sup>3</sup>			
	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future arisings	Bands and Code		Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future arisings	Bands and Code
H 3					Gd 153				
Be 10					Ho 163				
C 14					Ho 166m				
Na 22					Tm 170				
Al 26					Tm 171				
Cl 36					Lu 174				
Ar 39					Lu 176				
Ar 42					Hf 178n				
K 40					Hf 182				
Ca 41					Pt 193				
Mn 53					Tl 204				
Mn 54					Pb 205				
Fe 55					Pb 210				
Co 60	-1.60E-03	AA 2			Bi 208				
Ni 59					Bi 210m				
Ni 63	-8.34E-05	AA 2			Po 210				
Zn 65					Ra 223				
Se 79					Ra 225				
Kr 81					Ra 226				
Kr 85					Ra 228				
Rb 87					Ac 227				
Sr 90					Th 227				
Zr 93					Th 228				
Nb 91					Th 229				
Nb 92					Th 230				
Nb 93m					Th 232				
Nb 94					Th 234				
Mo 93					Pa 231				
Tc 97					Pa 233				
Tc 99					U 232				
Ru 106					U 233				
Pd 107					U 234				
Ag 108m					U 235				
Ag 110m					U 236				
Cd 109					U 238				
Cd 113m					Np 237				
Sn 119m					Pu 236				
Sn 121m					Pu 238				
Sn 123					Pu 239				
Sn 126					Pu 240				
Sb 125					Pu 241				
Sb 126					Pu 242				
Te 125m					Am 241				
Te 127m					Am 242m				
I 129					Am 243				
Cs 134					Cm 242				
Cs 135					Cm 243				
Cs 137					Cm 244				
Ba 133					Cm 245				
La 137					Cm 246				
La 138					Cm 248				
Ce 144					Cf 249				
Pm 145					Cf 250				
Pm 147					Cf 251				
Sm 147					Cf 252				
Sm 151					Other a				
Eu 152					Other b/g				
Eu 154					<b>Total a</b>	<b>0</b>			<b>0</b>
Eu 155					<b>Total b/g</b>	<b>1.68E-03</b>	<b>AA 2</b>		<b>0</b>

**Bands (Upper and Lower)**

- A a factor of 1.5
- B a factor of 3
- C a factor of 10
- D a factor of 100
- E a factor of 1000

Note: Bands quantify uncertainty in mean radioactivity.

**Code**

- 1 Measured activity
- 2 Derived activity (best estimate)
- 3 Derived activity (upper limit)
- 4 Not present
- 5 Present but not significant
- 6 Likely to be present but not assessed
- 7 Present in significant quantities but not determined
- 8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity