Sellafield SITE

SITE OWNER **Nuclear Decommissioning Authority**

Nο

WASTE CUSTODIAN Sellafield Limited

LLW **WASTE TYPE**

Is the waste subject to

Scottish Policy:

WASTE VOLUMES

Reported

At 1.4.2022..... 742.6 m³ Stocks:

Total future arisings: $0 \, \text{m}^3$

Total waste volume: 742.6 m³

Comment on volumes: MEB arisings are a function of keeping the ponds operational and removal as part of

> POCO. Since 2011, MEBs have been sent directly off-site without being placed in the interim store (MEBIS). MEBs reside in MEBIS are expected to be transferred and removed in line with pond furniture. Stock volume is based on an average envelope volume of 2.79 m3 per MEB for 266 MEBs. MEB size is variable (2.2m3 to 3.4m3). The arising volume can

vary by +/- 25% but the overall volumetric uncertainty is low.

Uncertainty factors on

volumes:

Stock (upper):

x 1.05 Arisings (upper)

Stock (lower): x 0.95 Arisings (lower) Х

Transport and pond storage containers for LWR fuel prior to reprocessing. **WASTE SOURCE**

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Multi Element Bottles (MEBs). MEBs vary in size, but are generally cylindrical in shape. All General description:

MEBs are large (2.2m3 to 3.4m3) and heavy (1.3 to 4.34t). The waste has not undergone

any changes since it was generated.

Physical components (%vol): MEBs (100%).

Sealed sources: The waste does not contain sealed sources.

Bulk density (t/m³):

Comment on density: The bulk density is based on the summed mass and the summed envelope volumes of the

MEBs.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

General description and components (%wt):

Boronated stainless steel, stainless steel, boral, lead, aluminium. Minor components include copper/bronze, nickel and traces of rubber. The following composition is for a representative MEB design: stainless steel (80%), aluminium bronze (0.3%), boral (<6%, of which 1% is elemental boron), lead (<14%), rubber (TR). The proportions of materials will vary between different designs and may be between the following ranges: stainless steel 80-99% (some of which may be boronated), boral 0.2-10%, lead 0-14%, concrete 0-15%, aluminium bronze 0.1-0.5%. Other materials are present in small or trace quantities.

Chemical state: Neutral

Chemical form of C-14: Oxides. radionuclides: Tc-99: Oxides.

U: Oxides. Pu: Oxides.

Metals and alloys (%wt): 62% sheet metal (thickness approx 1/4 inch), 24% bulk metal (thickness from 1-3 inches),

14% lead ballast (1 7/8 inches diam.)

% of total C14 (%wt) Type(s) / Grade(s) with proportions activity

Stainless steel..... 80.0 304L.

Other ferrous metals.....

Iron.

Aluminium...... 6.0 Boral

Beryllium.....

	Cobalt	0		
	Copper	TR		
	Lead	<12.0		
	Magnox/Magnesium	0		
	Nickel	0		
	Titanium	NE		
	Uranium	NE		
	Zinc	0		
	Zircaloy/Zirconium	0		
	Other metals	0		
Organics (%w	rt): Rubber is present	as 'O' rings	/gaskets. Neoprene 'O' rings, 0.065%.	
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14
	Total cellulosics	0		activity
	Paper, cotton	0		
	Wood	0		
	Halogenated plastics	0		
	Total non-halogenated plastics	0		
	Condensation polymers	0		
	Others	0		
	Organic ion exchange materials	0		
	Total rubber	~0.07		
	Halogenated rubber	~0.07		
	Non-halogenated rubber	NE		
	Hydrocarbons	NE		
	Oil or grease			
	Fuel			
	Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar)			
	Asphalt/Tarmac (no coal tar)			
	Bitumen			
	Others			
	Other organics	0		
Other materia	nickel substituted s	spinels) disl	sisting of metal oxide corrosion products lodged from the fuel previously held in t cipal constituents are Co-60 and Fe-55	the containers which
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
	Inorganic ion exchange materials	0		
	Inorganic sludges and flocs	<1.9		100.0
	Soil	0		
	Brick/Stone/Rubble	0		
	Cementitious material	0		
	Sand			

Glass/Ceramics.....

Graphite		0	
Desiccants/Cata	alysts		
Asbestos		0	
Non/low frial	ble		
Moderately f	friable		
Highly friable	e		
Free aqueous li	quids	<0.02	
Free non-aqueo	ous liquids	0	
Powder/Ash		0	
Inorganic anions (%wt):	The listed anions a	re unlikely	to be present.
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Fluoride		0	
Chloride		0	
lodide		0	
Cyanide		0	
Carbonate		0	
Nitrate		0	
Nitrite		0	
Phosphate		0	
Sulphate		0	
Sulphide		0	
Materials of interest for waste acceptance criteria:	from MEB body and base cavity. Some	d by second MEBs have	dary dewatering to remove the heel of liquor from the MEB e catalytic recombiners present but the recombiner material is
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Combustible me	etals	0	
Low flash point	liquids	0	
Explosive mater	rials	0	
Phosphorus		0	
Hydrides	The listed anions are unlikely to be present. (%wt) Type(s) and comment		
Biological etc. n	naterials	0	
Biodegradable r	materials	0	
Putrescible w	astes	0	
Non-putrescib	ole wastes	0	
Corrosive mater	rials	0	
Pyrophoric mate	erials	0	
Generating toxic	c gases	0	
Reacting with w	ater	0	

Ρ

0

Activity is present in the crud particles (<2wt%).

Higher activity particles.....

compounds.....

Soluble solids as bulk chemical

Hazardous substances / non hazardous pollutants:

Complexing

The waste contains lead as ballast in MEB types 1175, 1176, 1190, 1192 & 3321 only. Catalytic recombiners made from platinum/palladium are present in a very small proportion of the MEBs (1% of wastestream). The weight of this material is negligible compared with the MEB weight.

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		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
A	Acrylamide	NE	
E	Benzene	NE	
(Chlorinated solvents	NE	
F	Formaldehyde	NE	
(Organometallics	NE	
F	Phenol	NE	
5	Styrene	NE	
7	Fri-butyl phosphate	NE	
(Other organophosphates	NE	
١	/inyl chloride	NE	
A	Arsenic	NE	
E	Barium	NE	
E	3oron	1.0	1%wt Boron is the value per MEB (for 2F36, 2F15 & 2F41) but the total Boron for all MEBs (1,673) comes to 44.5te noted here to reserve the capacity at LLWR.
	Boron (in Boral)	1.0	
	Boron (non-Boral)	0	
(Cadmium	NE	
(Caesium	NE	
5	Selenium	NE	
(Chromium	NE	
N	Molybdenum	NE	
7	Fhallium	NE	
7	Fin	NE	
١	/anadium	NE	
N	Mercury compounds	NE	
(Others	NE	
E	Electronic Electrical Equipment (EEE)		
	EEE Type 1	NE	
	EEE Type 2	NE	
	EEE Type 3	NE	
	EEE Type 4	NE	
	EEE Type 5	NE	
g a	gents (%wt): No		
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
E	EDTA	NE	
	DPTA	NE	
١	NTA	NE	

Potential for the waste to contain discrete items:

Yes. Size-reduced boral plates have been judged to be Discrete Items.

TREATMENT, PACKAGING AND DISPOSAL

Planned on-site / off-site treatment(s):

Treatment	On-site / Off site	Stream volume %
Low force compaction Supercompaction (HFC) Incineration Solidification Decontamination Metal treatment Size reduction Decay storage Recyling / reuse Other / various None	Off-site	100.0

Comment on planned treatments:

The MEBs will be transferred off-site to a metal recycling facility. Current experience suggests that ~40% of the waste may comprise unrecyclable material, and for the purpose of the 2022 UK Inventory this assumption has been used. Unrecyclable material is assumed to be consigned to the LLWR from the MRF, but is reported here to ensure it is captured in the 2022 UK Inventory.

Disposal Routes:

Disposal Route	Stream volume %	Disposal density t/m3
Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository	~40.0	
Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility Expected to be consigned to an On-Site Disposal Facility Expected to be consigned to an Incineration Facility Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment Facility Expected to be consigned as Out of Scope Expected to be recycled / reused	~60.0	
Disposal route not known		

Classification codes for waste expected to be consigned to a landfill facility:

Upcoming (2022/23-2024/25) Waste Routing (if expected to change from above):

Disposal Route	Stream volume %				
Disposal Notice	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25		
Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility Expected to be consigned to an On-Site Disposal Facility Expected to be consigned to an Incineration Facility Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment Facility Expected to be consigned as Out of Scope Expected to be recycled / reused Disposal route not known					

Opportunities for alternative disposal routing: No

Baseline Opportunity Management Route Management Route	Stream e volume (%)	Estimated Date that Opportunity will be realised	Opportunity Confidence	Comment

Waste Packaging for Disposal:

Container	Stream volume %	Waste loading m ³	Number of packages	
1/3 Height IP-1 ISO 2/3 Height IP-2 ISO 1/2 Height WAMAC IP-2 ISO 1/2 Height IP-2 Disposal/Re-usable ISO 2m box (no shielding) 4m box (no shielding) Other	~40.0	~10	30	

Other information: The waste loading is the typical value for uncompacted wastes grouted at

LLWR.

Waste Planned for Disposal at the LLW Repository:

Container voidage: Voidage expected to be minimised to acceptable levels as waste is size-reduced

metal and treatment technique should be tailored to minimise voidage.

Waste Characterisation

Form (WCH):

It is not yet determined if the waste meets LLWR's Waste Acceptance Criteria

(WAC).

Waste consigned for disposal to LLWR in year of generation:

Yes

Non-Containerised Waste for In-Vault Grouting: (Not applicable to this waste stream)

Stream volume (%):

Waste stream variation:

Bounding cuboidal volume:

Inaccessible voidage:

Other information:

RADIOACTIVITY

Source: The activity arises from a) corrosion products in the reactor cooling circuit adhering to the

fuel and being dislodged in the MEB and b) contamination from pond water.

Uncertainty: The specific activity is based on the average activity measured for a large number of MEBs

already exported divided by the average mass per MEB and is the best estimate.

Definition of total alpha and total beta/gamma:

Where totals are shown on the table of radionuclide activities they are the sums of the listed alpha or beta/gamma emitting radionuclides plus 'other alpha' or 'other beta/gamma'.

Measurement of radioactivities:

Specific activity assessment unchanged from 2019 UKRWI assessment. The specific activity is based on the average measured internal Co-60 activity of a large number of MEBs already measured and disposed of divided by the average MEB volume of 2.88m³ (averaged over 2F15, 2F36, 2F41). Activity values for the other isotopes present are derived from the measured Co-60 activity using the fingerprint developed in 2014 after analysis of fuel crud from several MEBs in combination with external HP&S swab data. The external contamination is very much lower than the internal and the external fingerprint is equivalent to that of pond water which contributes only a very small fraction to the overall fingerprint.

Other information: Beta/gamma activity is dominant.

	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³				Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³			
Nuclide	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future Bands and arisings Code	Nuclide	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future arisings	Bands and Code
H 3	2.92E-07	BC 2	•	Gd 153				
Be 10				Ho 163				
C 14	5.53E-06	BC 2		Ho 166m				
Na 22				Tm 170				
Al 26				Tm 171				
CI 36				Lu 174				
Ar 39				Lu 176				
Ar 42				Hf 178n				
K 40				Hf 182				
Ca 41				Pt 193				
Mn 53				TI 204				
Mn 54				Pb 205				
Fe 55	1.33E-05	BC 2		Pb 210				
Co 60	7.89E-05	AA 1		Bi 208				
Ni 59				Bi 210m				
Ni 63	2.08E-04	BC 2		Po 210				
Zn 65				Ra 223				
Se 79				Ra 225				
Kr 81				Ra 226				
Kr 85				Ra 228				
Rb 87				Ac 227				
Sr 90	8.87E-07	BB 2		Th 227				
Zr 93				Th 228				
Nb 91				Th 229				
Nb 92				Th 230				
Nb 93m				Th 232				
Nb 94	5.63E-07	BB 2		Th 234				
Mo 93				Pa 231				
Tc 97				Pa 233				
Tc 99	5.12E-08	BB 2		U 232				
Ru 106				U 233				
Pd 107				U 234				
Ag 108m				U 235				
Ag 110m				U 236				
Cd 109				U 238				
Cd 113m				Np 237				
Sn 119m				Pu 236				
Sn 121m				Pu 238	1.47E-07	BC 2		
Sn 123				Pu 239	1.02E-07	BC 2		
Sn 126				Pu 240	1.02E-07	BC 2		
Sb 125	1.24E-06	BB 2		Pu 241	6.50E-06	BC 2		
Sb 126				Pu 242				
Te 125m				Am 241	4.39E-07	BC 2		
Te 127m				Am 242m				
I 129				Am 243				
Cs 134	3.64E-08	BB 2		Cm 242				
Cs 135				Cm 243				
Cs 137	2.01E-05	BC 2		Cm 244	4.07E-08	BC 2		
Ba 133				Cm 245				
La 137				Cm 246				
La 138				Cm 248				
Ce 144				Cf 249				
Pm 145				Cf 250				
Pm 147	1.11E-06	BC 2		Cf 251				
Sm 147				Cf 252				
Sm 151	9.10E-06	BC 2		Other a				
Eu 152				Other b/g				
Eu 154				Total a	8.32E-07	BC 2	0	
Eu 155				Total b/g	3.46E-04	BC 2	0	
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Bands (Upper and Lower)

A a factor of 1.5 B a factor of 3 C a factor of 10 D a factor of 100 E a factor of 1000

Note: Bands quantify uncertainty in mean radioactivity.

Code

- Measured activity
 Derived activity (best estimate)
 Derived activity (upper limit)

- 4 Not present
 5 Present but not significant
 6 Likely to be present but not assessed
 7 Present in significant quantities but not determined 8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity