SITE Dounreav SITE OWNER **Nuclear Decommissioning Authority WASTE CUSTODIAN Dounreay Site Restoration Limited ILW WASTE TYPE** Is the waste subject to Yes Scottish Policy: **WASTE VOLUMES** Reported Stocks: At 1.4.2022..... 63.4 m³ Total future arisings: $0 \, \text{m}^3$ Total waste volume: 63.4 m³ Comment on volumes: No future arisings. Any further arisings of uranium contaminated material will be covered by decommissioning streams. The natural and depleted uranium metal may not be consigned as part of this waste stream. Uncertainty factors on Stock (upper): x 1.02 Arisings (upper) Х volumes: Stock (lower): x 0.98 Arisings (lower) Stored wastes are mainly concrete from floor of building, from refurbishment exercise and **WASTE SOURCE** additional materials such as uranium slag materials from uranium processing. There are also two drums containing natural uranium and six drums containing depleted uranium metal PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS General description: Concrete, sand and plant residues. Smaller amounts of graphite, tools, metal, swabs and plastic bags. In addition there is natural uranium in metal form. Uranium bearing slags originate from the 'billet reduction' stage of operations carried out in the MTR fuel fabrication plant. The slags consist of Calcium Fluoride / Magnesium Fluoride with a small % of Uranium carried over. All items have diameters of less than 16.5cm which is the inner diameter of containers. Plant residues (57.5%), concrete (25.4%), sand (10.6%), swabs (1.0%), uranium metal Physical components (%vol): (4.6%), others including plastic (<0.9%). Sealed sources: The waste does not contain sealed sources. Bulk density (t/m3): The density is based on consignor's records, and includes the sacrificial containers in Comment on density: which the waste is packed. CHEMICAL COMPOSITION General description and Ferrous metals(37%), uranium (5%), paper (21%), wood (1%), halogenated plastics (14%), components (%wt): non-halogenated plastics (1%), soil (2%), concrete (5%), residues (14%).

Chemical state: Neutral

Chemical form of Ra: Present in trace amounts.

radionuclides: U: Uranium is present mainly as metal. A small quantity may also be present as dioxide

and fluoride.

Np: Present in trace amounts.

Metals and alloys (%wt): Small amount of material may be present as bulk metal associated with the depleted

uranium.

(%wt) Type(s) / Grade(s) with proportions % of total C14 activity Stainless steel Other ferrous metals..... 37.0 Iron..... Aluminium..... Beryllium...... 0

Cobalt	0		
Copper			
Lead			
Magnox/Magnesium			
Nickel			
Titanium			
Uranium	5.0		
Zinc			
Zircaloy/Zirconium	0		
Other metals	13.9	Metal largely associated with the small amounts of alloys. Molybdenum will be present in small quantities (0.001%). Includes allowance for plant residues.	
containers used for	repacking	bs from repacking. Polythene arises from are PVC. No significant quantities of othe C containers were used for repacking.	
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14
Total cellulosics	22.0		activity
Paper, cotton	21.0		
Wood	1.0		
Halogenated plastics	14.0		
Total non-halogenated plastics	1.0		
Condensation polymers	TR		
Others	1.0		
Organic ion exchange materials	0		
Total rubber	0		
Halogenated rubber	0		
Non-halogenated rubber	0		
Hydrocarbons			
Oil or grease			
Fuel			
Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar)			
Asphalt/Tarmac (no coal tar)			
Bitumen			
Others			
Other organics	0		
Other materials (%wt):			
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Inorganic ion exchange materials	0		
Inorganic sludges and flocs	0		
Soil	2.0		
Brick/Stone/Rubble	0		
Cementitious material	5.0		

Sand		
Glass/Ceramics		
Graphite	Р	
Desiccants/Catalysts		
Asbestos	0	
Non/low friable		
Moderately friable		
Highly friable		
Free aqueous liquids	0	
Free non-aqueous liquids	0	
Powder/Ash	0	
Inorganic anions (%wt): CaF2 MgF slags wit anions are unlikely t		% of U carried over. Nitrate is present in the waste. Other ent.
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Fluoride	~8.0	
Chloride	NE	
lodide	NE	
Cyanide	NE	
Carbonate	NE	
Nitrate	Р	
Nitrite	NE	
Phosphate	NE	
Sulphate	NE	
Sulphide	NE	
		in any hazardous materials apart from trace quantities of ntity of free liquids will be present.
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Combustible metals	0	
Low flash point liquids	0	
Explosive materials	0	
Phosphorus	0	
Hydrides	0	
Biological etc. materials	0	
Biodegradable materials	0	
Putrescible wastes	0	
Non-putrescible wastes	0	
Corrosive materials		
Pyrophoric materials	0	
Generating toxic gases	0	
Reacting with water	0	

Higher activity particles.....

NE

Soluble solids as bulk chemical compounds	0	
Hazardous substances / Small quantities of he non hazardous pollutants:	eavy meta	als are present.
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Acrylamide		
Benzene		
Chlorinated solvents		
Formaldehyde		
Organometallics		
Phenol		
Styrene		
Tri-butyl phosphate		
Other organophosphates		
Vinyl chloride		
Arsenic		
Barium		
Boron		
Boron (in Boral)		
Boron (non-Boral)		
Cadmium		
Caesium		
Selenium		
Chromium		
Molybdenum		
Thallium		
Tin		
Vanadium		
Mercury compounds		
Others		
Electronic Electrical Equipment (EEE)		
EEE Type 1		
EEE Type 2		
EEE Type 3		
EEE Type 4		
EEE Type 5		
Complexing agents (%wt): No		
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
EDTA		
DPTA		
NTA		
Polycarboxylic acids		
Other organic complexants		

Total complexing agents.....

Potential for the waste to contain discrete items:

No.

PACKAGING AND CONDITIONING

Conditioning method: The waste will continue to be stored in 200 litre drums until a conditioning route is

available. The current strategy is for this material to be compacted, with the resultant pucks grouted into 500 litre drums. Some waste drums may not be suitable for compaction and these will be directly loaded into 500 I drums. This waste stream will be copackaged into 500L drums alongside all wastes from 5B24

and the CHILW from decommissioning waste streams.

Plant Name: **CHILW Repacking Facility**

Location: Dounreay Plant startup date: 2026

Total capacity

(m³/y incoming waste):

Target start date for packaging this stream: 2026

Throughput for this stream

(m³/y incoming waste):

Material may be processed with other CHILW.

Likely container type:

Other information:

Container	Waste packaged (%vol)	Waste loading (m³)	Payload (m³)	Number of packages	
500 l drum	100.0	1	0.5	64	

Likely container type

comment:

The conditioning factor for CHILW is about 0.5

Range in container waste

volume:

It is estimated that between 2 and 8 CHILW pucks will be placed into each 500l drum with the average being 5 drums per 500l drum. A small percentage of drums may not be suitable for supercompaction and will be directly immobilised into the 500l drum.

Other information on

containers:

Stainless Steel. Likely to be 316 stainless steel.

Likely conditioning matrix:

Other information: Conditioned density (t/m³):

~2.5

Cement

Conditioned density

comment:

The density of the conditioned waste is expected to be around 2 - 3 te/m³.

Other information on

conditioning:

Opportunities for alternative

Nο

disposal routing:

Management Route Management Route

Estimated Date that Baseline Opportunity Stream

Opportunity will be realised

Opportunity Confidence

Comment

RADIOACTIVITY

Source: Uranium fuel contamination.

2022 Inventory

volume (%)

Uncertainty: Within a factor of three.

Definition of total alpha and total beta/gamma: Where totals are shown on the table of radionuclide activities they are the sums of the listed alpha or beta/gamma emitting radionuclides plus 'other alpha' or 'other beta/gamma'.

Measurement of The activities in the stocks are based on consignor's records which are based on non-

radioactivities: destructive assay.

Other information: Repacked waste was assayed for U-235 and calculations based on these measurements.

Natural uranium waste was not assayed. Decayed from 2019 submission.

	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³		Mean radio			oactivity, TBq/m³	activity, TBg/m³		
Nuclide	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future arisings	Bands and Code	Nuclide	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code		Bands and Code
Н3					Gd 153				
Be 10					Ho 163				
C 14					Ho 166m				
Na 22					Tm 170				
AI 26					Tm 171				
CI 36					Lu 174				
Ar 39					Lu 176				
Ar 42					Hf 178n				
K 40					Hf 182				
Ca 41					Pt 193				
Mn 53					TI 204				
Mn 54					Pb 205				
Fe 55					Pb 210	2.24E-10	BB 2		
Co 60					Bi 208				
Ni 59					Bi 210m				
Ni 63					Po 210	2.07E-10	BB 2		
Zn 65					Ra 223	1.02E-08	BB 2		
Se 79					Ra 225	1.022 00	DD 2		
Kr 81					Ra 226	1.30E-09	BB 2		
Kr 85					Ra 228	8.45E-14	BB 2		
Rb 87					Ac 227	1.03E-08	BB 2		
Sr 90					Th 227	1.03E-08	BB 2		
Zr 93							BB 2		
					Th 228 Th 229	6.72E-14	DD Z		
Nb 91 Nb 92					Th 229	2 60E 07	DD 2		
Nb 92					Th 232	3.60E-07	BB 2 BB 2		
Nb 94						1.41E-13			
					Th 234	9.66E-06	BB 2		
Mo 93					Pa 231	3.30E-08	BB 2		
Tc 97					Pa 233				
Tc 99					U 232				
Ru 106					U 233	2.555.02	DD 0		
Pd 107					U 234	2.55E-03	BB 2		
Ag 108m					U 235	7.81E-05	BB 2		
Ag 110m					U 236	1.64E-04	BB 2		
Cd 109					U 238	9.66E-06	BB 2		
Cd 113m					Np 237				
Sn 119m					Pu 236				
Sn 121m					Pu 238				
Sn 123					Pu 239				
Sn 126					Pu 240				
Sb 125					Pu 241]			
Sb 126					Pu 242				
Te 125m					Am 241]			
Te 127m					Am 242m				
I 129					Am 243]			
Cs 134					Cm 242				
Cs 135					Cm 243]			
Cs 137					Cm 244				
Ba 133					Cm 245]			
La 137					Cm 246				
La 138					Cm 248				
Ce 144					Cf 249				
Pm 145					Cf 250				
Pm 147					Cf 251				
Sm 147					Cf 252				
Sm 151					Other a]			
Eu 152					Other b/g				
Eu 154					Total a	2.80E-03	BB 2	0	
Eu 155					Total b/g	9.67E-06	BB 2	0	
L		•				•			

Bands (Upper and Lower)

A a factor of 1.5 B a factor of 3 C a factor of 10 D a factor of 100

E a factor of 1000

Note: Bands quantify uncertainty in mean radioactivity.

Code

- 1 Measured activity
- 2 Derived activity (best estimate)
- 3 Derived activity (upper limit)
- 4 Not present
- 5 Present but not significant
- 6 Likely to be present but not assessed
- 7 Present in significant quantities but not determined
- 8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity