SITE Berkelev

SITE OWNER **Nuclear Decommissioning Authority** 

No

**WASTE CUSTODIAN** Magnox Limited

**ILW WASTE TYPE** 

Is the waste subject to

Scottish Policy:

**WASTE VOLUMES** Reported

Stocks: At 1.4.2022.....  $0.5 \, \text{m}^3$ 

Total future arisings:  $0 \, \text{m}^3$ 

Total waste volume:  $0.5 \, \text{m}^{3}$ 

Comment on volumes: This waste was accumulated between November 1982 and December 1982. There will be

no further arisings of this waste stream. The volume was reassessed prior to the 2004

Inventory.

Uncertainty factors on

Stock (upper):

x 1.1

Arisings (upper) Х

volumes:

Stock (lower):

Arisings (lower)

**WASTE SOURCE** 

The sludge originates from routine filtration of liquid effluents and cooling pond water at

Berkeley Technology Centre.

#### PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

General description:

The waste consists of contaminated Celite, a diatomaceous earth used as a Funda filter pre-coat in the Berkeley Technology Centre Active Effluent Treatment Plant. Sludges were collected on the Funda pre-coating filter and subsequently discharged along with the precoat material as a dry effluent residue into a can or liner lined with a PVC bag. The trapped sludge originated predominately from the treatment of general site low activity effluent but has also resulted from the treatment of higher activity effluents from the fuel pond. It should be noted that the material discharged into the drums would be damp and not completely dry. The term 'dry' is used to indicate that the sludge is not fully flooded or diluted in water as is normal for other sludge arisings. The waste will consist of magnesium hydroxide and other particulate material present in the Berkeley Technology Centre fuel pond, along with fuel contamination and graphite dusts. There will also be colbalt hexacyanoferrate which was added to assist in the removal of caesium from the ponds during filtration in the Funda filter. The waste drums are included in waste stream 9A917, which will be processed as Miscellaneous Contaminated Items (9A36, 37 and 38). Originally, this waste stream was classified as LLW, however it will now be treated and processed as ILW. There are no large items that may require special handling.

Physical components (%vol):

The waste comprises Celite, a diatomaceous earth consisting mainly of calcium silicate. There might also be traces of colbalt hexacyanoferrate which was added to assist in the removal of caesium from the ponds during filtration in the Funda filter. The waste containers are not included in this waste stream as they will be processed with the Miscellaneous Contaminated Items streams.

Sealed sources: The waste does not contain sealed sources.

Bulk density (t/m3): ~0.3

Comment on density: The density has been calculated using weights of Celite contained in Red Cans and the

volumes already identified.

### **CHEMICAL COMPOSITION**

General description and components (%wt):

There are 6 red cans containing Celite in this vault section. The contaminated Celite consists of Magnesium hydroxide, magnesium carbonate, silicon dioxide, calcium silicate, residual water and a range of other materials, including PVC (wt% not assessed). The drum is not included in this waste stream.

Alkali

Chemical state:

Chemical form of radionuclides:		<ul> <li>H-3: Most tritium is expected to be present as water but some may be present in the form of other inorganic compounds or as organic compounds.</li> <li>C-14: Carbon 14 may be present as graphite.</li> <li>Cl-36: The chemical form of chlorine 36 has not been determined.</li> <li>U: Chemical form of U isotopes has not been determined but may be oxides.</li> <li>Pu: The chemical form of plutonium isotopes has not been determined but may be plutonium oxides.</li> </ul>					
Metals and alloys (%wt): Any metals present			would be	in particulate form.			
			(%wt)	Type(s) / Grade(s) with proportions	% of total C14 activity		
	Stainless steel.		TR	The presence of metals has not been confirmed by measurement but there may be metal particulates in the sludge. However only trace quantities are expected. There are steel drums containing the waste.			
		netals	TR				
			TD				
	-		IN				
			TR				
	CopperLeadMagnox/Magnesium						
	NickelTitanium						
	Uranium						
	Zinc		TR				
	Zircaloy/Zirconi	um	TR				
	-		TR	"Other" metals have not been			
Organics (%	۵wt):	A detailed assessme	ent of ora	determined. anic materials in the waste has not been r	nade		
organioo (7	····,	71 dotalied decedent	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14		
	Total cellulosics	S	TR		activity		
			TR				
			0				
	Halogenated pla	astics	~2.0	PVC.			
		enated plastics	0				
	_	n polymers	0				
			0				
	Organic ion exc	hange materials	TR				
	Total rubber		TR				
	Halogenated	rubber	TR				
	Non-halogena	ated rubber	TR				
	Hydrocarbons						
	Oil or grease						
	Fuel						

Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar)		
Asphalt/Tarmac (no coal tar)		
Bitumen		
Others		
Other organics	NE	
Other materials (%wt): Traces of graphite r	may be pre	esent.
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment % of total C14 activity
Inorganic ion exchange materials	TR	,
Inorganic sludges and flocs	~98.0	
Soil	0	
Brick/Stone/Rubble	0	
Cementitious material	0	
Sand		
Glass/Ceramics	0	
Graphite	TR	
Desiccants/Catalysts		
Asbestos	0	
Non/low friable		
Moderately friable		
Highly friable		
Free aqueous liquids	NE	
Free non-aqueous liquids	TR	
Powder/Ash	0	
Inorganic anions (%wt): Inorganic anions wi	ll be prese	nt but have not been fully quantified.
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Fluoride	NE	
Chloride	NE	
lodide	0	
Cyanide	TR	
Carbonate	NE	
Nitrate	NE	
Nitrite	NE	
Phosphate	NE	
Sulphate	NE	
Sulphide	NE	
Materials of interest for waste acceptance criteria: The waste is unlike trace quantities of b		nt a fire hazard but this requires confirmation. There might be naterial.

		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
	Combustible metals	TR	
	Low flash point liquids	0	
	Explosive materials	0	
	Phosphorus	0	
	Hydrides	0	
	Biological etc. materials	TR	
	Biodegradable materials	0	
	Putrescible wastes	0	
	Non-putrescible wastes		
	Corrosive materials	0	
	Pyrophoric materials	0	
	Generating toxic gases	0	
	Reacting with water	TR	
	Higher activity particles		
	Soluble solids as bulk chemical		
	compounds		
Hazardous s non hazardo			
non nazarao	o pondianto.	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
	Acrylamide	( /owt)	rype(s) and comment
	Benzene		
	Chlorinated solvents		
	Formaldehyde		
	Organometallics		
	Phenol		
	Styrene  Tri-butyl phosphate		
	Other organophosphates		
	Vinyl chloride		
	Arsenic		
	Barium		
	Boron	0	
	Boron (in Boral)	· ·	
	Boron (non-Boral)		
	Cadmium		
	Caesium		
	Selenium		
	Chromium		
	Molybdenum		
	Thallium		
	Tin		
	Vanadium		

Me	rcury compou	ınds								
Oth	ners									
Ele	ctronic Elect	rical Equipment (EEE)								
E	EE Type 1									
E	EE Type 2									
E	EEE Type 3									
E	EEE Type 4									
E	EE Type 5									
Complexing age	nts (%wt):	Yes								
			(%wt)	) Type(s)	and comment					
ED	TA									
DP	TA									
NT.	A									
Pol	ycarboxylic a	cids								
Other organic complexants										
Tot	al complexing	g agents	TR							
Potential for the v		No. In & of itself no	ıt a DI·	assumed not	likely to conta	in any "roque"	items that			
contain discrete items:		could be.	it a Di,	accumou not	intoly to conta	in any rogue	nomo mar			
PACKAGING A	ND CONDIT	ΓΙΟΝΙΝG								
Conditioning method:		This stream is to be of 9A69, 9A70, 9A71, 9 9A68, 9A71 & 9A75.								
Plant Name:		-								
Location:		Berkeley Site								
Location: Plant startup date:		-								
Plant startup date: Total capacity (m³/y incoming waste):		-								
(m <sup>3</sup> /y incoming waste): Target start date for packaging this stream:		-								
		-								
Other information	:	-								
Likely container				Waste	Waste	Payload	Number of			
type:	Container			packaged (%vol)	loading (m³)	(m³)	packages			
			<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
Likely container type - comment:										
Range in container waste - volume:										
Other information containers:	on	-								
Likely conditionin	g matrix:									

Other information:

Conditioned density (t/m³):

Conditioned density

comment:

Other information on conditioning:

Baseline

Opportunities for alternative disposal routing:

Opportunity Management Route Management Route

Stream volume (%)

Estimated Date that Opportunity Opportunity Confidence will be realised

Comment

**RADIOACTIVITY** 

Dried sludge contaminated by fission products and activation products including actinides. Source:

Uncertainty: Specific activity is a function of operating history. The values quoted are indicative of the

activities that might be expected.

Definition of total alpha and total beta/gamma:

Where totals are shown on the table of radionuclide activities they are the sums of the listed alpha or beta/gamma emitting radionuclides plus 'other alpha' or 'other beta/gamma'.

Measurement of radioactivities:

Activities have been estimated.

Other information: This waste stream includes some drums known to be of comparatively high activity so that

the average activity may approach the ILW/LLW limit. The error bands are intended to

allow for the potential influence of these higher activity drums.

	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³				Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³				
Nuclide	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future arisings	Bands and Code	Nuclide		Bands and Code	Future arisings	Bands and Code
H 3	<1.29E-04	D 3			Gd 153		8		
Be 10		8			Ho 163		8		
C 14	6.00E-07	CD 2			Ho 166m		8		
Na 22		8			Tm 170		8		
Al 26		8			Tm 171		8		
CI 36	6E-09	CD 2			Lu 174		8		
Ar 39		8			Lu 176		8		
Ar 42		8			Hf 178n		8		
K 40		8			Hf 182		8		
Ca 41		8			Pt 193		8		
Mn 53		8			TI 204		8		
Mn 54 Fe 55	1.075.07	8 CD 2			Pb 205 Pb 210		8 8		
Co 60	1.97E-07 9.71E-06	CD 2			Bi 208		8		
Ni 59	9.71E-06 1E-07	CD 2			Ві 206 Ві 210m		8		
Ni 63	8.10E-06	CD 2			Po 210		8		
Zn 65	0.10L-00	8			Ra 223		8		
Se 79	1.72E-09	CD 2			Ra 225		8		
Kr 81	1.722 03	8			Ra 226		8		
Kr 85		8			Ra 228		8		
Rb 87		8			Ac 227		8		
Sr 90	4.89E-04	CD 2			Th 227		8		
Zr 93		8			Th 228		8		
Nb 91		8			Th 229		8		
Nb 92		8			Th 230		8		
Nb 93m		8			Th 232		8		
Nb 94		8			Th 234	1E-07	CC 2		
Mo 93		8			Pa 231		8		
Tc 97		8			Pa 233	1.05E-08	CD 2		
Tc 99	2E-07	CD 2			U 232		8		
Ru 106		8			U 233		8		
Pd 107		8			U 234	1.00E-07	CD 2		
Ag 108m		8			U 235	3E-09	CD 2		
Ag 110m		8			U 236	1.00E-08	CD 2		
Cd 109		8			U 238	1E-07	CD 2		
Cd 113m		8			Np 237	1.05E-08	CD 2		
Sn 119m		8			Pu 236	0.505.05	8		
Sn 121m		8			Pu 238	3.56E-05	CD 2		
Sn 123	4.255.00	8			Pu 239	5E-05	CD 2		
Sn 126 Sb 125	4.35E-09	CD 2 8			Pu 240 Pu 241	6.00E-05 9.74E-04	CD 2 CD 2		
Sb 125 Sb 126		_					CD 2		
Te 125m		8 8			Pu 242 Am 241	5E-08 1.31E-04	CD 2		
Te 127m		8			Am 242m	2.80E-07	CD 2		
l 129		8			Am 243	1.00E-07	CD 2		
Cs 134		8			Cm 242	2.31E-07	CD 2		
Cs 135	1E-08	CD 2			Cm 243	4.95E-08	CD 2		
Cs 137	4.95E-04	CD 2			Cm 244	1.13E-06	CD 2		
Ba 133		8			Cm 245		8		
La 137		8			Cm 246		8		
La 138		8			Cm 248		8		
Ce 144		8			Cf 249		8		
Pm 145		8			Cf 250		8		
Pm 147	7.60E-08	CD 2			Cf 251		8		
Sm 147		8			Cf 252		8		
Sm 151	2.67E-06	CD 2			Other a				
Eu 152	9.18E-08	CD 2			Other b/g		_		
Eu 154	5.95E-06	CD 2			Total a	2.78E-04	CD 2	0	
Eu 155	3.59E-07	CD 2			Total b/g	2.12E-03	CD 2	0	

### Bands (Upper and Lower)

A a factor of 1.5 B a factor of 3 C a factor of 10

D a factor of 100 E a factor of 1000

Note: Bands quantify uncertainty in mean radioactivity.

#### Code

- 1 Measured activity
- 2 Derived activity (best estimate)
- 3 Derived activity (upper limit)
- 4 Not present
- 5 Present but not significant
- 6 Likely to be present but not assessed
- 7 Present in significant quantities but not determined
- 8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity