SITE Berkeley

SITE OWNER Nuclear Decommissioning Authority

WASTE CUSTODIAN Magnox Limited

WASTE TYPE ILW

Is the waste subject to Scottish Policy:

No

WASTE VOLUMES

Reported

Total future arisings: 0 m³

Total waste volume: 47.0 m³

Comment on volumes: Gravel will be removed from the vault when the wastes accumulated in the vault are

retrieved. There will be no further arisings of this waste.

Uncertainty factors on Stock (upper): x 1.2 Arisings (upper)

volumes: Stock (lower): x 0.8 Arisings (lower) x

WASTE SOURCE Contaminated gravel (stone chippings) on the floor of the vault. The gravel was applied

before any waste was discharged to the facility.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

General description: The waste comprises the gravel that was placed at the bottom of the vault, along with the

associated sludge type material. This material, known as the amalgam, consists of the waste materials which have dropped in from the waste above during the history of filling the vaults, and which will also fall in during the waste retrieval phase. The gravel will therefore contain graphite chunks, springs, dusts, ion exchange material, Magnox sludge, made up of magnesium carbonate and magnesium hydroxide, and mild steel corrosion products, from the waste containers and Miscellaneous Contaminated Items streams. The

gravel is coarse in nature, typically 50mm in diameter, but of unknown chemical composition. It may be either silica or limestone based material. There is a range in the volume of the vaults amalgam due to the uncertainties in how much each waste item will

contribute to the amalgam. There are no large items that may require special handling.

Physical components (%vol): The vaults amalgam will predominantly consist of coarse gravel, Magnox sludge and fines,

ion exchange materials and mild steel corrosion products.

Sealed sources: The waste does not contain sealed sources.

Bulk density (t/m³): ~1.5

Comment on density: The gravel is coarse in nature (typically 50mm across) and is assumed to be either

limestone or silica based.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

General description and components (%wt):

The chemical composition of the gravel chippings is not known, although it is likely to be either silica or limestone based material. Magnesium carbonate and magnesium hydroxide will be present, along with phenol formaldehyde and alumino-silicate ion exchange materials. Fission products, actinides and other activation products will be present as contaminants.

Chemical state: Alkal

Chemical form of radionuclides:

H-3: Any tritium is expected to be present as water but some may be in the form of other

inorganic compounds or as organic compounds.

C-14: Chemical form of carbon 14 has not been determined but may be graphite.

Cl-36: The chemical form of chlorine 36 in these wastes is not known.

Se-79: The selenium content is insignificant. Tc-99: The technetium content is insignificant.

Ra: Radium isotope content is expected to be insignificant.

Th: The thorium isotope content is insignificant.

U: Chemical form of U isotopes has not been determined but may be oxides.

Np: The neptunium content is insignificant.

Pu: Chemical form of plutonium isotopes has not been determined but may be plutonium

oxides

Metals and alloys (%wt): Metals will be present as corrosion products or as small item contamination so metal

thicknesses are expected to be typically 1 or 2 mm.

		(%wt)	Type(s) / Grade(s) with proportions	% of total C14 activity
	Stainless steel	NE		
	Other ferrous metals	NE	Only trace metallic content would be expected to be associated with the original gravel, but there may be contamination from the wastes resting on the gravel.	
	Iron			
	Aluminium	0		
	Beryllium	TR		
	Cobalt			
	Copper	0		
	Lead	0		
	Magnox/Magnesium	NE		
	Nickel	NE	Nimonic.	
	Titanium			
	Uranium			
	Zinc	0		
Uranium Zinc Zircaloy/Zirconium		NE		
	Other metals	0	No "other" metals present.	
Organics (%)	gravel. The drur	ns will have co th spilt Lewati	nge material in the vaults, although not di orroded to an extent, therefore, the grave t DN, the organic ion exchanger. This ma	el is likely to be
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
	Total cellulosics	0		donvity
	Paper, cotton	0		
	Wood	0		
	Halogenated plastics	0		
	Total was balancestad sleeting			
	Total non-halogenated plastics	0		
	Condensation polymers	-		
	•	0		
	Condensation polymers	0		
	Condensation polymers Others	0 0 NE		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials	0 0 NE 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber	0 0 NE 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber Halogenated rubber	0 0 NE 0 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber Halogenated rubber Non-halogenated rubber	0 0 NE 0 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber Halogenated rubber Non-halogenated rubber Hydrocarbons	0 0 NE 0 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber Halogenated rubber Non-halogenated rubber Hydrocarbons Oil or grease	0 0 NE 0 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber Halogenated rubber Non-halogenated rubber Hydrocarbons Oil or grease Fuel	0 0 NE 0 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber Halogenated rubber Non-halogenated rubber Hydrocarbons Oil or grease Fuel Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar)	0 0 NE 0 0		
	Condensation polymers Others Organic ion exchange materials Total rubber Halogenated rubber Non-halogenated rubber Hydrocarbons Oil or grease Fuel Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar)	0 0 NE 0 0		

Other materials (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Inorganic ion exchange materials	NE		
Inorganic sludges and flocs	0		
Soil	0		
Brick/Stone/Rubble	~100.0		
Cementitious material	0		
Sand			
Glass/Ceramics	0		
Graphite	NE		
Desiccants/Catalysts			
Asbestos	0		
Non/low friable			
Moderately friable			
Highly friable			
Free aqueous liquids	NE		
Free non-aqueous liquids	NE		
Powder/Ash	NE		

Inorganic anions (%wt):

The inorganic anion content of the gravel has not been fully assessed. Carbonates and silicates may be present.

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Fluoride	NE	
Chloride	NE	
lodide	NE	
Cyanide	0	
Carbonate	NE	
Nitrate	NE	
Nitrite	NE	
Phosphate	NE	
Sulphate	NE	
Sulphide	NE	

Materials of interest for waste acceptance criteria:

Magnox may be present in the gravel. Magnox can form hydrides in a damp environment. These metal hydrides can become pyrophoric causing explosions and fires. However, precise conditions are required to form a hydride, including a damp and oxygen free environment, essentially a sealed void, and this is highly unlikely as the waste has been stored loose in the vault.

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Combustible metals	NE	
Low flash point liquids	0	
Explosive materials	0	
Phosphorus	0	
Hydrides	0	
Biological etc. materials	0	

Bi	odegradable materials	0	
	Putrescible wastes	0	
	Non-putrescible wastes		
Co	orrosive materials	0	
Py	rophoric materials	0	
G	enerating toxic gases	0	
Re	eacting with water	NE	
Hi	gher activity particles		
	oluble solids as bulk chemical ompounds		
Hazardous subs non hazardous p	•		
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Ad	crylamide		
Ве	enzene		
CI	hlorinated solvents		
Fo	ormaldehyde		
O	rganometallics		
Pł	nenol		
St	yrene		
Tr	i-butyl phosphate		
Ot	ther organophosphates		
Vi	nyl chloride		
Ar	senic		
Ва	arium		
Во	oron	0	
	Boron (in Boral)		
	Boron (non-Boral)		
Ca	admium		
Ca	aesium		
Se	elenium		
CI	hromium		
M	olybdenum		
Th	nallium		
Ti	n		
Va	anadium		
M	ercury compounds		
Of	thers		
EI	ectronic Electrical Equipment (EEE)		
	EEE Type 1		
	EEE Type 2		
	EEE Type 3		
	EEE Type 4		

EEE Type 5			
Complexing agents (%wt):	Yes		
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
EDTA			
DPTA			
NTA			
Polycarboxylic ac	ids		
Other organic co	mplexants		
Total complexing	agents	TR	
Potential for the waste to contain discrete items:	any "rogue" items that	at could be	self not a DI; context will define if likely to contain e (i.e. if FED Vault lining then yes, but would be tioned waste; if SPFs then no)
PACKAGING AND CONDIT	IONING		
Conditioning method:	waste will be co-pack 9A40, 9A48, 9A53) ar	aged toge nd Type V	Type VI DCIC containers, the remainder of vault 1 ther in Concrete boxes (9A61, 9A62, 9A67, 9A32, I DCIC containers (9A25, 9A31, 9A39, 9A47, 9A52, vault 1 are assigned to 9A25, 9A32 & 9A73.
Plant Name:	-		
Location:	Berkeley Site		
Plant startup date:	-		
Total capacity (m³/y incoming waste):	-		
Target start date for packaging this stream:	-		
Throughput for this stream (m³/y incoming waste):	-		

Likely container type:

Other information:

r	Container	Waste packaged (%vol)	Waste loading (m³)	Payload (m³)	Number of packages
	3m³ RS box	100.0	~2.044	2.5	23

Likely container type comment:	-
Range in container waste volume:	-
Other information on containers:	-
Likely conditioning matrix:	
Other information:	-
Conditioned density (t/m³):	-
Conditioned density comment:	-
Other information on conditioning:	-
Opportunities for alternative disposal routing:	-

Baseline Management Route	Opportunity Management Route	Stream volume (%)	Estimated Date that Opportunity will be realised	Opportunity Confidence	Comment
Disposal at a Geological Disposal Facility	Disposal at LLWR	100.0	2030	Medium	There is a possibility that the gravel at the bottom of the vaults could be LLW but by the time all the other waste in the vault is retrieved/detritus fallen down into it this has a fairly low probability

RADIOACTIVITY

Source: Contamination may have been transferred to the chippings via direct contact with waste

materials. The ability of the chippings to absorb soluble active materials depends on the

chemical composition of the chippings themselves.

Uncertainty: The waste is assumed to be ILW. This can be confirmed only when the waste is retrieved.

The gravel is not expected to be washed to reduce activity.

Where totals are shown on the table of radionuclide activities they are the sums of the Definition of total alpha and total beta/gamma:

listed alpha or beta/gamma emitting radionuclides plus 'other alpha' or 'other beta/gamma'.

Measurement of radioactivities:

The activity has been derived from the activities of the wastes contained in the vault.

Other information:

	N	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³			Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³			
Nuclide	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future Bands and arisings Code	Nuclide	Waste at 1.4.2022	Bands and Code	Future arisings	Bands and Code
H 3	1.73E-03	DD 2		Gd 153		8		
Be 10	4E-09	DD 2		Ho 163		8		
C 14	2.00E-04	DD 2		Ho 166m		8		
Na 22		8		Tm 170		8		
Al 26		8		Tm 171		8		
CI 36	8E-06	DD 2		Lu 174		8		
Ar 39		8		Lu 176		8		
Ar 42		8		Hf 178n		8		
K 40		8		Hf 182		8		
Ca 41	2E-06	DD 2		Pt 193		8		
Mn 53		8		TI 204		8		
Mn 54		8		Pb 205		8		
Fe 55	1.97E-06	DD 2		Pb 210		8		
Co 60	1.39E-04	DD 2		Bi 208		8		
Ni 59	3E-04	DD 2		Bi 210m		8		
Ni 63	2.70E-02	DD 2		Po 210		8		
Zn 65		8		Ra 223		8		
Se 79	1.21E-09	DD 2		Ra 225		8		
Kr 81		8		Ra 226		8		
Kr 85		8		Ra 228		8		
Rb 87		8		Ac 227		8		
Sr 90	4.89E-04	DD 2		Th 227		8		
Zr 93	5E-06	DD 2		Th 228		8		
Nb 91		8		Th 229		8		
Nb 92		8		Th 230		8		
Nb 93m	1.10E-04	DD 2		Th 232		8		
Nb 94	1.00E-06	DD 2		Th 234	7E-07	DD 2		
Mo 93	6.99E-06	DD 2		Pa 231		8		
Tc 97		8		Pa 233	4.16E-08	DD 2		
Tc 99	2E-06	DD 2		U 232		8		
Ru 106		8		U 233		8		
Pd 107		8		U 234	6.04E-07	DD 2		
Ag 108m	1.95E-06	DD 2		U 235	2E-08	DD 2		
Ag 110m		8		U 236	5.00E-08	DD 2		
Cd 109		8		U 238	7E-07	DD 2		
Cd 113m		8		Np 237	4.16E-08	DD 2		
Sn 119m		8		Pu 236		8		
Sn 121m	2.47E-05	DD 2		Pu 238	7.11E-05	DD 2		
Sn 123		8		Pu 239	2E-04	DD 2		
Sn 126	4.35E-09	DD 2		Pu 240	2.00E-04	DD 2		
Sb 125		8		Pu 241	1.46E-03	DD 2		
Sb 126		8		Pu 242	6E-08	DD 2		
Te 125m		8		Am 241	3.44E-04	DD 2		
Te 127m		8		Am 242m	3.71E-07	DD 2		
I 129		8		Am 243	8.00E-08	DD 2		
Cs 134 Cs 135	7F 00	8		Cm 242 Cm 243	3.06E-07	DD 2		
	7E-08	DD 2			4.25E-08	DD 2		
Cs 137	4.95E-03	DD 2		Cm 244	2.25E-07	DD 2		
Ba 133		8		Cm 245 Cm 246		8		
La 137		8 8		Cm 246 Cm 248		8		
La 138						8		
Ce 144 Pm 145		8		Cf 249		8		
	0.465.00	8		Cf 250		8		
Pm 147	9.46E-09	DD 2		Cf 251 Cf 252		8		
Sm 147	2 665 05	8				8		
Sm 151	2.66E-05	DD 2		Other a				
Eu 152	1.39E-03	DD 2		Other b/g	9 17E 04	מ חח	_	
Eu 154 Eu 155	5.95E-04 2.38E-06	DD 2 DD 2		Total a	8.17E-04	DD 2	0	
Lu 155	2.30E-U0	טט ע	<u> </u>	Total b/g	3.85E-02	DD 2	0	

Bands (Upper and Lower)

A a factor of 1.5 B a factor of 3 C a factor of 10

D a factor of 100

E a factor of 1000

Note: Bands quantify uncertainty in mean radioactivity.

Code

1 Measured activity

2 Derived activity (best estimate)

3 Derived activity (upper limit)

4 Not present

5 Present but not significant

6 Likely to be present but not assessed

7 Present in significant quantities but not determined

8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity