SITE	Sizewell A			
SITE OWNER	Nuclear Decommissioning Authority			
WASTE CUSTODIAN	Magnox Limited			
WASTE TYPE	LLW			
Is the waste subject to Scottish Policy:	No			
WASTE VOLUMES		Reported		
Stocks:	At 1.4.2022	0 m ³		
Future arisings -	1.4.2022 - 31.3.2034	475.2 m ³		
Total future arisings:		475.2 m ³		
Total waste volume:		475.2m ³		
Comment on volumes:		rise following Defuelling. Volumes stated assume stem and size corrected awaiting further treatment and Care and Maintenance Preparations.		
Uncertainty factors on	Stock (upper): x	Arisings (upper) x 1.75		
volumes:	Stock (lower): x	Arisings (lower) x 0.9		
WASTE SOURCE	Care and Maintenance preparations activities to decommission the ponds and AETP.			
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				

General description:	Hard and soft trash arising from the pond/effluent treatment plant areas including metal, plastic, paper, glass, rubber and occasionally HEPA filters. Any large items will be cut to fit standard packages.
Physical components (%wt):	Metallic trash (~91%), biodegradables (2%) plastics (~2%), concrete/rubble (~1%), rubber (1%), wood (1%), other organics (1%), and others (1%).
Sealed sources:	The waste does not contain sealed sources.
Bulk density (t/m ³):	~3.19
Comment on density:	Density estimate based on WCH mass divided by volume

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

General description and components (%wt):	The waste consists of metals, various plastics including polythene, concrete and rubble and a small amount of wood. Metallic trash (~91%), biodegradables (2%) plastics (~2%), concrete/rubble (~1%), rubber (1%), wood (1%), other organics (1%), and others (1%).			
Chemical state:	Neutral			
Chemical form of radionuclides:	C-14: Carbon 14 ma Cl-36: Chlorine 36 m Se-79: The selenium Tc-99: The technetiu Ra: The radium isoto Th: The thorium cont U: The uranium isoto Np: The neptunium is	 3: Tritium present as surface contamination of waste by tritiated liquor. 14: Carbon 14 may be present as contamination in the form of graphite dust. -36: Chlorine 36 may be present as a contaminant of graphite dust. -379: The selenium-79 content is insignificant. -99: The technetium-99 content is insignificant. a: The radium isotope content is insignificant. The thorium content is insignificant. The uranium isotope content is insignificant. c: The neptunium isotope content is insignificant. t: The chemical form of plutonium isotopes has not been determined but may be utonium oxides. 		
Metals and alloys (%wt):	200 litre drums have	wall thick	ness of about 1 mm.	
		(%wt)	Type(s) / Grade(s) with proportions	% of total C14 activity
Stainless steel		45.0	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework	
		45.0	Mild steel - Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework	
Iron		TR	Ponds furniture, redundant	
	2022 In	ventory		

			plant/equipment, structural metal,	
	Aluminium	<0.10	pipework Scaffold	
	Beryllium	\$0.10	Countrie	
	Cobalt	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework	
	Copper	<0.10	Redundant plant and equipment	
	Lead	<0.10	Blocks, shavings and shielding	
	Magnox/Magnesium	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework	
	Nickel	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework	
	Titanium	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework	
	Uranium			
	Zinc	~0.01	Scaffold and redundant items coating	
	Zircaloy/Zirconium	0		
	Other metals			
Organics (%)	vt): The waste will conta	in cellulose	e in the form of paper.	
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14
	Total cellulosics	1.0		activity
	Paper, cotton			
	Wood	1.0		
	Halogenated plastics	1.0	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, pipework	
	Total non-halogenated plastics	~1.0	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, pipework	
	Condensation polymers	~0.50		
	Others	~0.50		
	Organic ion exchange materials			
	Total rubber	1.0		
	Halogenated rubber	~0.50		
	Non-halogenated rubber	~0.50		
	Hydrocarbons	<0.11		
	Oil or grease	<0.10	Trace contamination	
	Fuel			
	Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar)			
	Asphalt/Tarmac (no coal tar)			
	Bitumen	~0.01	expansion joints etc.	
	Others			
	Other organics	~1.0		
	als (%wt)· -			

Other materials (%wt):

WASTE STREAM 9F911 Ponds and Effluent Treatment Plant LLW

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C activity
Inorganic ion exchange materials			,
Inorganic sludges and flocs			
Soil			
Brick/Stone/Rubble	0.50		
Cementitious material	0.50		
Sand			
Glass/Ceramics	0.06	Man made mineral fibre lagging	
Graphite			
Desiccants/Catalysts			
Asbestos	<0.23		
Non/low friable	~0.22	Decommissioning waste, valves, gaskets, tiles - mostly chrysotile	
Moderately friable	~0.01	Decommissioning waste, valves, gaskets, tiles - mostly amosite	
Highly friable	TR	Decommissioning waste, valves, gaskets, tiles - mostly crocidolite	
Free aqueous liquids	0		
Free non-aqueous liquids	0		
Powder/Ash	0		

Inorganic anions (%wt):

Possibly present in trace quantities.

Type(s) and comment (%wt)

Fluoride
Chloride
lodide
Cyanide
Carbonate
Nitrate
Nitrite
Phosphate
Sulphate
Sulphide

Materials of interest for

May contain traces of unreacted Magnox.

waste acceptance criteria:

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Combustible metals		
Low flash point liquids		
Explosive materials		
Phosphorus		
Hydrides		
Biological etc. materials		
Biodegradable materials	~2.0	
Putrescible wastes	~1.0	Pigeon waste

2022 Inventory

WASTE STREAM 9F911 Ponds and Effluent Treatment Plant LLW

Non-putrescible wastes	~1.0	
Corrosive materials		
Pyrophoric materials		
Generating toxic gases		
Reacting with water	Ρ	Reactive metals will typically be painted to avoid reaction with grout, 10m2 has been conservatively declared for the entire wastestream although due to the painting process the actual value is expected to be lower.
Higher activity particles		
Soluble solids as bulk chemical compounds		

Hazardous substances / None expected, except possibly in trace quantities. non hazardous pollutants:

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Acrylamide		
Benzene		
Chlorinated solvents		
Formaldehyde		
Organometallics		
Phenol		
Styrene		
Tri-butyl phosphate		
Other organophosphates		
Vinyl chloride		
Arsenic		
Barium		
Boron	0	
Boron (in Boral)		
Boron (non-Boral)		
Cadmium		
Caesium		
Selenium		
Chromium	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework
Molybdenum	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework
Thallium		
Tin	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework
Vanadium	TR	Ponds furniture, redundant plant/equipment, structural metal, pipework
Mercury compounds		
Others		
Electronic Electrical Equipment (EEE)		
EEE Type 1	Ρ	500 off Stripped down circuit boards

2022 Inventory

WASTE STREAM 9F911 Ponds and Effluent Treatment Plant LLW

EEET	уре 2	Р	500 off Redundant plant and machinery arising from decommissioning activities.
EEE T	уре 3	Ρ	500 off electrical and electron components retrieved from redundant plant and machinery items.
EEE T	уре 4		
EEE T	уре 5	Р	500 off Rechargeable batteries
Complexing agents (%	swt): No		
		(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
EDTA			
DPTA			
NTA			
Polycarb	oxylic acids		
Other or	Other organic complexants		
Total cor	nplexing agents		
Potential for the waste	to Yes. Large Meta	l Items (LMI	s)/"substantial" thickness items considered

Potential for the waste to	Yes. Large Metal Items (LIMIS)/"substantial" thickness items conside
contain discrete items:	"durable" assumed DIs; Stainless items assumed DIs

TREATMENT, PACKAGING AND DISPOSAL

Planned on-site / off-site treatment(s):			te / ite	Stream volume %	
	Low force compaction	On-	site	20.1	
	Supercompaction (HFC)	Off-	site	20.1	
	Incineration	Off-	site	12.8	
	Solidification				
	Decontamination				
	Metal treatment	Off-	site	21.7	
	Size reduction				
	Decay storage				
	Recyling / reuse				
	Other / various				
	None			45.4	
Comment on planned treatments:	It is expected that 12.75% of this waste stream wi sent for Metal Recycling, 20.14%% for supercomp LLWR disposal.				
Disposal Routes:	Disposal Route		Stream volume S		
	Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility				
	Expected to be consigned to an On-Site Disposa	Facility			
	12.	8 0.40			
	Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment F	21.	7 1.4		
	Expected to be consigned as Out of Scope				
	Expected to be recycled / reused				
	Disposal route not known				
			1	1	

Classification codes for waste expected to be consigned to a landfill facility:

Upcoming (2022/23-2024/25) Waste Routing (if expected to change from above):

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WASTE STREAM 9F911 Ponds and Effluent Treatment Plant LLW

Dianagel Doute	Stream volume %				
Disposal Route	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25		
Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility Expected to be consigned to an On-Site Disposal Facility Expected to be consigned to an Incineration Facility Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment Facility Expected to be consigned as Out of Scope Expected to be recycled / reused Disposal route not known					

Opportunities for alternative disposal routing:

Baseline Management Route	Opportunity Management Route	Stream volume (%)	Estimated Date that Opportunity will be realised	Opportunity Confidence	Comment
-	-	-	-	-	-

Waste Packaging for Disposal:

Container	Stream volume %	Waste loading m ³	Number of packages	
1/3 Height IP-1 ISO				
2/3 Height IP-2 ISO				
1/2 Height WAMAC IP-2 ISO	~20.1	~43.2	3	
1/2 Height IP-2 Disposal/Re-usable ISO	~45.4	~10	22	
2m box (no shielding)				
4m box (no shielding)				
Other (200 litre drums may also be used for incinerable and supercompactable waste)				

Other information:

Data have been presented as though the waste will be segregated and packaged in dedicated containers. It is likely that the waste will be packaged in containers with other LLW. 43.2m3 loading volume for WAMAC 1/2 height product container is calculated based on the fact that you can low force compact two times the normal volume of waste into a 200 litre/0.2m3 drum (400 litres/0.4m3), you can then fit 36 drums (14.4m3) into a ½ height ISO, each drum can be super-compacted to a 1/3 of its original volume so therefore we can get 3 x the amount of un-compacted drums into the final disposal container (43.2m3).

Waste Planned for Disposal at the LLW Repository:

Container voidage:	Significant inaccessible voidage is not expected.
Waste Characterisation Form (WCH):	The waste meets the LLWR's Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC). The waste has a current WCH. Inventory information is consistent with the current WCH.
Waste consigned for	Yes.

Waste consigned for	
disposal to LLWR in	
year of generation:	

Other information:

Non-Containerised Waste for	In-Vault Grouting:	(Not applicable to this waste stream)
Stream volume (%):	-	
Waste stream variation:	-	
Bounding cuboidal volume:		
Inaccessible voidage:	-	

RADIOACTIVITY

Source:	Activation and contamination of materials.
Uncertainty:	Activity values are current best estimates. Specific activity is a function of Station operating history. The values quoted are indicative of the activities that would be expected.
Definition of total alpha and total beta/gamma:	Where totals are shown on the table of radionuclide activities they are the sums of the listed alpha or beta/gamma emitting radionuclides plus 'other alpha' or 'other beta/gamma'.
Measurement of radioactivities:	The specific activities have been taken from the WCH decayed to start date of first arising (01/04/2022)
Other information:	<u> </u>

WASTE STREAM 9F911 Ponds and Effluent Treatment Plant LLW

		Mean radioac	tivity, TBq/m³				Mean radioa	ctivity, TBq/m³	
	Waste at	Bands and	Future	Bands and		Waste at	Bands and	Future	Bands and
Nuclide	1.4.2022	Code	arisings	Code	Nuclide	1.4.2022	Code	arisings	Code
H 3			1.84E-05	CC 1	Gd 153				8
Be 10				8	Ho 163				8
C 14			8.1E-06	CC 1	Ho 166m				8
Na 22				8	Tm 170				8
AI 26				8	Tm 171				8
CI 36			1.76E-08	CC 1	Lu 174				8
Ar 39				8	Lu 176				8
Ar 42				8	Hf 178n Hf 182				8 8
K 40 Ca 41				8 8	Pt 193				8
Mn 53				8	TI 204				8
Mn 54				8	Pb 205				8
Fe 55			6.64E-06	CC 1	Pb 210				8
Co 60			1.76E-06	CC 2	Bi 208				8
Ni 59				8	Bi 210m				8
Ni 63			3.69E-06	CC 1	Po 210				8
Zn 65				8	Ra 223				8
Se 79				8	Ra 225				8
Kr 81				8	Ra 226				8
Kr 85				8	Ra 228				8
Rb 87				8	Ac 227				8
Sr 90			2.56E-04	CC 1	Th 227				8
Zr 93				8	Th 228				8
Nb 91				8	Th 229 Th 230				8 8
Nb 92				8	Th 230				8
Nb 93m Nb 94			3.05E-09	8 CC 2	Th 234			2.74E-08	8
Mo 93			3.03E-09	8	Pa 231			2.1 12 00	8
Tc 97				8	Pa 233				8
Tc 99				8	U 232				8
Ru 106				8	U 233				8
Pd 107				8	U 234			3.45E-08	CC 1
Ag 108m			2.47E-09	CC 2	U 235				8
Ag 110m				8	U 236				8
Cd 109				8	U 238			2.74E-08	CC 1
Cd 113m				8	Np 237				8
Sn 119m				8	Pu 236				8
Sn 121m				8	Pu 238			4.83E-06	CC 1
Sn 123				8	Pu 239			3.64E-06	CC 1
Sn 126				8	Pu 240			3.64E-06	CC 1
Sb 125				8	Pu 241			1.23E-04	CC 1
Sb 126				8	Pu 242 Am 241				8 CC 1
Te 125m Te 127m				8 8	Am 241 Am 242m			1.26E-05	8
l 129				о 8	Am 242m Am 243				о 8
Cs 134			1.29E-07	CC 2	Cm 242				8
Cs 135				8	Cm 243			2.23E-07	CC 1
Cs 137			2.95E-04	CC 2	Cm 244			2.13E-07	CC 1
Ba 133			1.71E-09	CC 2	Cm 245			-	8
La 137				8	Cm 246				8
La 138				8	Cm 248				8
Ce 144				8	Cf 249				8
Pm 145				8	Cf 250				8
Pm 147			2.9E-06	CC 1	Cf 251				8
Sm 147				8	Cf 252				8
Sm 151				8	Other a				
Eu 152			4.73E-09	CC 2	Other b/g				
Eu 154	ļ		6.25E-07	CC 2	Total a	0		2.52E-05	CC 2
Eu 155			2.48E-07	CC 2	Total b/g	0		7.16E-04	CC 2

Bands (Upper and Lower)

A a factor of 1.5

B a factor of 3

C a factor of 10 D a factor of 100

E a factor of 1000

Bands quantify uncertainty in Note: mean radioactivity.

Code

1 Measured activity 2 Derived activity (best estimate) 3 Derived activity (upper limit)

4 Not present 5 Present but not significant

6 Likely to be present but not assessed 7 Present in significant quantities but not determined

8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity